



NORTH ISLAND IS NOW TO BE USED ENTIRELY BY THE NAVY DEPARTMENT

Recently the President approved an agreement between the War and Navy Department, whereby the Army is to turn over to the Navy, Rockwell Field. The Navy will lose Sunnyvale thru this exchange. This transfer to be made without delay.

When the Army evacuates that part of North Island in the harbor of San Diego, now under the control of the War Department which, with the installations and the facilities thereon, will there after be used by the Navy.

The Navy to evacuate the Naval Air Station at Sunnyvale, Mountain View, California, which, with the installations and facilities thereon, will there after be unsd by the Army. The hangar and operating facilities for lighter-than-air are not to be dismantled unless such action is specifically authorized by the President.

This gives to the Navy an additional 940.59 acres nearly doubling the present area of North Island. This new area includes 141 buildings of which 13 sets are quarters. The Navy activities at Sunnyvale transferred to the Army include 1000 acres, with 27 buildings, 9 of which are Officer's quarters.

The Navy first used North Island as a flying school during the winter of 1911-12. In the spring of 1912 they moved to Annapolis, and June, 1914 moved to Pensacola, Fla. The Army rented, at first, privately owned ground at North Island in 1912 and have used this island ever since for the purpose of aviation.

In March 1915, Congress authorized
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PRESIDENT LANDS SAILFISH

The President is not only a leader of his land, but also the leader of the fishermen. This was well proven Wed. when he landed the only sailfish of the day. Although several were hooked, the President was the only one successful in boating his catch. This 107 pound sailfish measured 9 feet 2 inches from tip to tip and took almost an hour of expert playing until he gave up the fight enough to be gaffed. On Friday, the President, after a two hour and ten minute fight succeeded in landing an even larger sailfish. This one weighed 136 pounds and measured 9 feet, 6 inches.

Lt. Wood, Mr. Gennerick and Ens. Mackenzie were also successful in landing large sail fish. Lt. Wood's weighed 118 pounds and measured 9 feet 2 inches. "Gus" Gennerick's weighed 148 pounds and measured 9 feet 9 inches; this catch gives him the record of the trip. Ens. Mackenzie's weighed 124 pounds and measured 9 feet 7 inches.

During our stay at Cocos Is. many other varieties of fish were bagged including thirty and forty pound Ono, Bonita, Yellowtail and Groupers.

CHURCH CALL SEVENTEENTH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY

On this our second Sunday out on the second Presidential Cruise, Church will be rigged as usual on the Well deck. The Band will play Rubenstein's Melody in "F" as a prelude and will follow the Divine Service with a military hymn. The Chaplain will speak briefly on the subject: "A Deck of Cards", using as his text that famous
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MILESTONES OF ROOSEVELT'S LIFE

Since he came into office every one knows the enviable record of our President, F. D. Roosevelt. However, the President's career as a public servant goes back a good many years. The milestones of his life as given in Who's Who in America (Vol 18-1934-35) are as follows:

Thirty-second president of the United States; born, Hyde Park, N. Y., Jan. 30, 1882; son of James and Sarah (Delano) Roosevelt; A.B., Harvard, 1904; Columbia University Law School, 1904-1907; LL.D., Rutgers, 1933 Washington College, 1933; Yale, 1934.

Married Anna Eleanor Roosevelt of New York, March 17, 1905; children—Anna Eleanor (Mrs. John Boettiger), James, Elliott, Franklin D., John A.

Admitted to New York bar, 1907; practiced with Carter, Ledyard & Milburn, New York, 1907-10; member firm of Roosevelt & O'Connor, 1924-1933.

Member of New York Senate, 1910—March 17, 1913 (resigned); assistant secretary of Navy, 1913-1920; elected governor of New York for two terms, 1929-1933; Democratic nominee for vice president of United States, 1920; Democratic nominee for President, 1932; elected for term, 1933-1937.

Member Hudson-Fulton celebration -committee, 1909; Plattsburg Centennial, 1913; National Commission Panama Pacific International Exposition, 1915; overseer Harvard University, 1918-1924; trustee Vassar College, St. Stephen's College, Cornell University, Woodrow Wilson Foundation, Seamen's Institute.

President American Red Cross, Boy Scout Foundation.

In charge of inspection U. S. Naval Forces in European waters, July-Sept. 1918 and of demobilization in Europe, Jan.-Feb., 1919. Member Naval History Society, New York Historical Society, Holland Society, Alpha Delta Phi, Phi Beta Kappa.

Mason, Episcopalian, senior warden St. James Church, Hyde Park. Author: Whither Bound. 1928; The Happy Warrior—Alfred E. Smith, 1928; Government—Not Politics, 1932; Looking Forward, 1933; On Our Way, 1934.